

DIVIDED SOCIETY: The Rebellions of Upper and Lower Canada

Read pages 139-142 and answer the following questions:

- 1) What factors led to the rebellions in Upper and Lower Canada?
- 2) Which act gave the British colonies a new form of government?
- 3) Analyze Figure 6.22 on page 139 and draw the chart in your notes:

- 4) The _____ was elected but had little power. The real power was in the hands of the _____ and two _____.
- 5) In Lower Canada, they were known as the _____.
- 6) In Upper Canada, they were known as the _____.
- 7) What were the main concerns about these two elite groups?
- 8) Who were the Reformers and how did this group form?
- 9) In your opinion, why is the secret ballot one of the most important rights in democracy?

10) How were people influenced to vote in British North America?
Read page 141. In your own words, fill out the bubbles explaining each person's perspective.

Lower Canada's Reasons to Rebel

Canadien Professionals

The Patriotes' Perspective

The Habitants' Perspective

Merchants' Perspective

The Chateau Clique's Perspective

Read page 142. In your own words, fill out the bubbles explaining each person's perspective.

Upper Canada's Reasons to Rebel

The Farmer's Perspective

Merchants' Perspective

The Reformers' Perspective

The Loyalists' Perspective

Using your perspectives from BOTH Upper and Lower Canada and the given information given on page 141-142, complete the Venn diagram:

